TEAM financial guidelines

Supporting powerpoint intro to the financial guidelines TEAM 2024 Call

22 February 2024





1.Introduction

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1. Introduction



General principles

Why is the budget **important?**:

- Part of the selection process. Budgets should be realistic and reflect what is being described in the project proposal.
- Upon selection, the budget is a part of the formal agreement/contract between VLIR-UOS and the project. (Annex)
- The budget instalments will be planned according to the approved budget
- Upon selection, it is a reference document that will be used during the yearly control & reporting process. (this of course in general terms)

General principles

A partner institution must always be located in one of the 17 VLIR-UOS partner countries.

We fund **cooperation**

- Keeping the project objectives in mind, investment costs should be kept as low as practicable
- The primary goal is to **improve the basic conditions** under which **academics** must perform "their job"
- Academic staff will be supplied by either the partner or the Flemish institutions.
- Selected input or in-kind co-funding is assumed by the partner institution (office space, tuition waivers, staff support, buildings renovations, etc.)

2. Financial Framework



Financial Framework

The financial framework adheres to the <u>Royal</u> <u>Decree</u> of 2016 including all its <u>updates</u>.

The present version of the financial framework provides an updated general financial framework for VLIR-UOS funded projects for the Five-Year Programme 2022-2027.

You can find the financial framework <u>here</u> More information at <u>our website</u>

This presentation is only a guideline, the financial framework takes precedence !



General principles

The funds are used in accordance with the principles of sound financial management, namely

- (1) thrift,
- (2) efficiency,
- (3) effectiveness, and
- (4) integrity.

Eligible costs

Conditions (Art 35 Royal Decree):

- confirmed by a **piece of evidence**
- identifiable; verifiable ; necessary
- in accordance with the approved **budget**
- during the **period** of the project
- no double financing
- in accordance with the **agreement** that VLIR-UOS has signed with the respective higher education institution
- does not appear on the list of non-eligible costs

Framework & Guidelines - TEAM

- Max. TEAM budget is 280.000 EUR
- A complementary budget of 20.000 EUR (max. 1) can be requested for projects with an organizational set-up that has a clear Multi-Institutional Partnership (MIP) or Multi-Stakeholder Partnership (MSP) setting
- Project budget divided in budgets **per activity year**: An activity year runs from September 1st year X till August 31st year X+1.
- Budget transfer (roll-over between activity years) is possible
- Projects cannot be extended; max. duration is 5 activity years 1 sept X 31 Aug X+5

Basic information

- General advice for operating in partner countries: distribute the budget so that you can account for a slow start in terms of establishing administrative project management procedures, opening local accounts, and so on.
- Only invoices dated in the year the activity was implemented are acceptable / original invoices (for exceptions, please consult the latest version of the financial framework)
- Date related expenses (travel related expenses, subscription costs, scholarship costs, etc.) need to be accounted for in the respective activity year

TEAM programme - SUMMARY		
Countries	17 partner countries: Benin, Bolivia, Burundi, Cuba, DR Congo, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Indonesia, Kenya, Morocco, Peru, Philippines, Rwanda, South Africa, Tanzania, Uganda and Vietnam	
Budgeting	Free, the project is free to spread the total budget over the different activity years	
Spending rate	A 50 % spending rate is obliged after activity year 2 (50% of initially planned budget of Y1+Y2) and 45% of the total budget after activity year 3 (cumulative for Y1-Y3).	
Project duration	5 years maximum. No extension is possible.	
Budget transfers	 Underspending approved annual budget: proved annual budget: no specific limitations, in so far the applicable spending rates after year 2 and 3 are respected Overspending approved annual budget: no limitations within total amount of the budget and on the condition that project partners agree on prefunding. 	
Instalments	Always follow the original multi-annual planning and initial budget distribution over activity years, as detailed in the contract.	
Reporting	Projects report on expenditures compared to overall project budget/balance. Annual Reporting deadline is determined by contracting Flemish HEI, in line with VLIR- UOS general timeline for reporting.	

3. Budget lines



3. Budget lines

A. Investment costsB. Operational costsC. Personnel costsD. Scholarship costs

E 1. Flemish (HEI) Coordination costs E 2. Partner (HESI) Coordination costs



Guidelines per category

Budget lines
A. Investment costs
A.1. General investment costs
A.2. Vehicles
A.3. ICT
B. Operational costs
B.1. General: goods & services
B.2. Dissemination & uptake (events)
B.3. ICT (operations and services)
B.4. International mobility & subsistence
B.5. Local mobility & subsistence
C. Personnel costs
C.1. Employment contracts
C.2. Topping-up
D. Scholarship costs
D.1. Short term scholarship allowances in Belgium
D.2. Study scholarship allowances in Belgium
D.3. Research scholarship allowances in Belgium
D.4. Short term scholarship allowances in partner country
D.5. Study scholarship allowances in partner country
D.6. Research scholarship allowances in partner country
Total A-D
E. Coordination Costs
E.1. Coordination costs in Belgium
E.2. Partner coordination costs
TOTAL

A - INVESTMENT COSTS

- Investment goods are durable goods which means they have a long service life – more than 1 year.
- Local rules to be followed for defining the threshold for a good being considered 'investment'. For VLIR-UOS min. threshold of 1.000 EUR (VAT excluded)
- Good practice: minimal spending, major infrastructure works are to be avoided.

A. INVESTMENT COSTS (A1 & A2)

A.1. General	
Definition	General investment costs are all investments except for Vehicles (A2) and ICT (A3).
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Lab infrastructure, equipment, furniture, minor infrastructure works,

A.2. Vehicles	
Definition	The purchase of different kinds of vehicles or means of transportation (electrical, motorized or other). Includes all costs prior to or related to the purchase and commissioning of a vehicle (registration, documents, shipment,).
Examples	cars, motorcycles, bycicles, (non-exhaustive list)

A. INVESTMENT COSTS (A3)

A.3. ICT	
Definition	ICT refers to all Information and Communication Technologies with a service life of more than 1 year and with a value of more than the relevant institution-specific threshold for investments or indicatively 1.000 EUR, VAT excluded. If an ICT purchase is not an investment is should be registered under ICT Operations & Services (B3).
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	LAN networks, servers, non-renewable software licenses, laptops, tablets, chromebooks, mobile phones, video conferencing hardware,

B - OPERATIONAL COSTS

Operational costs are necessary and essential for achieving one or more results of the project. These costs stop once the project is completed.

All employment of persons not contracted by the Flemish institution, or the partner institution are service contracts and to be budgeted under operational costs.

Good practice – Operational costs in Belgium Operational costs in Belgium are to be kept to a minimum and are only allowed, providing they are instrumental in reaching the project objectives and were foreseen in the budget proposal, and/or justified in the Annual Progress Reporting.

B - OPERATIONAL COSTS

B.1. General : Goods & Services

Definition	 All operational costs, goods or services, with the exception of those costs under the specific categories B.2. Dissemination & Uptake; B.3. ICT; B.4. International mobility & subsistence B.5. Local mobility & subsistence
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Consumer goods, non-durable laboratory equipment, chemicals, shipping costs, documentation, books, copies, minor materials, spare parts, project related office supplies, representation costs, subscription costs, open access publication, service contracts, volunteer allowance, … These costs may not be included in another budget line (e.g. fuel cannot be charged if a mileage fund is used) B1. Representation costs: threshold maximum 500 EUR/activity year.

B.2. Dissemination & Uptake

Definition	 Interactions with the general public or specific targeted audiences to create the conditions for the uptake of results, including disseminating information or materials produced by the project. Costs related to the distribution of information and materials, produced by the project, to both the general public or specific targeted audiences. This involves communicating knowledge effectively and synthesizing and repackaging project results for (non-) expert audiences and stakeholders. Does not include academic events, academic publications, academic conferences, etc.
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Dissemination and stakeholder events, publications/policy briefs for the general public / targeted audiences, advisory boards, per diems related to those dissemination events and stakeholder boards,

B - OPERATIONAL COSTS

B.3. ICT Operations & Services	
Definition	ICT refers to all Information and Communication Technologies. This covers operational goods, soft- ware and small equipment that does not fall under A3 ICT.
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Maintenance of ICT equipment and or B4 software, optimalisation of software, systems and equip- ment, (recurring) license fees,

B.4. International Mobility & Subsistence

Definition	International travel costs include all costs incurred for door-to-door international journeys in the con- text of a VLIR-UOS project by project members from Flemish and partner institutions or external experts involved in a project activity.
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Plane tickets, train tickets, airport tax, travel agency service fee, C02 compensation fee, international per diem, hotel costs, visa, international passport, insurance, co-payments ("remgeld") of travel related health care costs,

B.5. Local Mobility & Subsistence

Definition	All costs incurred for journeys within Belgium or within the partner country by project members from Flemish and partner institutions or external experts involved in a project activity.
Examples (non-exhaustive list)	Local transportation costs, local per diems, local overnight expenditures

Justification of specific costs

- An expenditure may be charged to the grant if and only if it is confirmed by a **piece of evidence** mentioning the description of the goods or services, the supplier, the addressed institution, the date and a reference number.
- Certain costs need additional proof or are submitted to additional rules:
 - Hotel costs (B4/B5): threshold according to the country and the duration of stay
 - Catering: mentioning number of participants no alcohol & tobacco
 - o CO2 compensation: added to plane ticket or internal climate fund
 - **Communication costs**: link telephone number with the team member(s)
 - Meeting rooms: determined prices

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 $\circ\,$ Per diem: threshold according to the country and the duration of stay

B – International mobility and subsistence

- International Mobility & Subsistence (B4) are the costs linked to the travel (door to door) by Belgian and local personnel
- A sustainable mobility policy should be implemented. When choosing the itinerary, the elements of safety, cost-efficiency must be taken into consideration.
- Types of expenses
- Plane ticket, including airport tax
- Service fee of the travel agent or airline company
- Indirect travel costs : Visa, international passport, costs arising from obtaining the necessary certificates
- Healthcare related costs: obligatory vaccinations; COVID 19 testing (see website VLIR-UOS)
- Travel insurance

B - International mobility and subsistence

Residential costs are costs linked to the stay abroad of Belgians or local personnel.

- Hotel accommodation costs in the partner country (indicative max. per country) see <u>list</u> hotel allowances and international per diem amounts
- Hotel accommodation in Belgium : indicative max. € 200 / night
- Per diem
 - Calculation of the per diem: number of nights abroad
 - In Belgium : € 100 / day

B - Service contracts (under B1, B2 or B3)

- Social legislation should be respected.
- Subcontracting or consultancy for key tasks in the project which belong to the "core business" is non-eligible
- Services delivered and costs made by external experts not under an employment contract to the Flemish or the partner institution. A service contract is limited in time – within the duration of the project - and usually strongly activity related.
- Service contracts should be linked to project activities and support operational activities. Operational budget consisting mainly of service contracts would be very questionable.
- For smaller services and less than 375 EUR per person and activity year - (e.g. a farmer delivering small services) the compensation for the services is considered an allowance which doesn't require an invoice.

C - PERSONNEL COSTS

C. PERSONNEL COSTS

C1. Employment Contracts C2. Topping-up

Justification: verification of time spent on the project, and reconciliation of the amounts charged, and personnel costs incurred

This budget line is not available for personnel costs at Flemish Institutions

C1 – Employment Contracts

- Definition: Personnel costs related to the employment of persons
 - contracted by the partner institution according to the salary policy of the institution
 - during the **period** of employment within the project implementation period.
- This category is mainly for technical and administrative support functions. Academic staff that bear responsibility for the implementation of (parts of) the project is to be made available by both the Flemish and the partner institutions.

C - PERSONNEL COSTS

C2 – Topping up

Definition: an approved **activity-based supplement to the salary** of staff members of partner institutions can be funded. To be kept to a minimum overall in the project budget and needs to be part of the initial proposal.

- only a topping-up salary, **awarded to partner institution staff** to support specific project activities, are acceptable,
- limited to an indicative maximum of 40% of the gross local salary
- persons that will receive a topping up are to be listed in the project proposal

Good practice: It is advised that **topping-ups** should be kept to a **minimum** since we consider that standard academic responsibilities are not to be attributed to the project since we regard this local personnel input as the matching fund from the partner institution

The overall share of payment of individuals - personnel costs and service contracts - is to be kept to a minimum. An indicative amount of 25% of the budget going to combined personnel costs (C.) and service contracts (B.) is a good practice.

4. Scholarships



D - SCHOLARSHIP COSTS

- The general principle for a project/embedded scholarship is that it contributes to capacity building:
 - at level of the involved department of the partner institution
 - at the level of the individual
- Scholarship costs are costs linked to having scholars study / conduct research either in Belgium or in the country/region of origin
- Scholarships may only be awarded to individuals with an **affiliation to the partner institution**, limited to persons with a nationality of an OECD-DAC country.
- If the affiliated scholar (of an OECD-DAC country) has a different nationality of the country the partner institution is located in, the scholar may receive scholarships provided there is sufficient assurance of long-term commitment within the institution.
- Details can be found in the <u>Framework for scholarships in</u> <u>Belgium</u>

D - SCHOLARSHIP COSTS

- VLIR-UOS grants a general mandate to the Flemish institution and the partner institution to, if necessary, jointly establish operational criteria and procedures for the selection of candidates for short-term study or research stays in Belgium or elsewhere, which are in line with the general procedures and criteria established by VLIR-UOS and the Framework for scholarships in Belgium.
- The selection of the candidate must fit within the project logic, and must aim at sustainable capacity building.
- Good practice Local scholarship D4. D5. D6.
- When awarding a local scholarship at level of a project, a good practice is that project partners enter into dialogue in order to have applied tuition fees at the level of the partner institution waived or limited, testifying hereby the support for the project from the partner university in the form of a matching fund.

D – Study/research scholarships

 Common monthly allowances "all-in" (lump sum), except for flight tickets

Study	1.400 EUR/month (no distinction 1- and 2-year programmes)
Research	1.900 EUR/month + 310 EUR research & supervision when in Belgium (up to max 24 months)

• This includes: board and lodging in Belgium, insurance, logistical allowance indirect travel costs, Tuition or registration fee

This does not include:

- airline tickets (contrary to earlier info on new guidelines, taking into account major differences per country)
- research and supervision cost will be apart

D – Good practices project Phds

- Considering that persons who are granted a PhD scholarship as part of a project are expected to be under contract at the partner institution, deloading from normal duties – academic and/or administrative – is expected so that sufficient time can be devoted to the scholarship.
- The Flemish institution is committed to ensure that study or research stays of scholars, being selected partner institution scientists, are organised in such a way that the results are of maximum benefit to the project.
- The Flemish institution and the partner institution will jointly establish procedures and criteria for selection of candidates for study or research stays abroad. The selection of scholars is the joint responsibility of the Flemish and local promoter.

D – Short term scholarship allowance

Education, training or research stays up until 6 months for which no degree is awarded and that last between 7 days and 6 months.

- 7 days and 14 days: based on a daily allowance of 100 EUR
- 15 days 31 days: based on a standard monthly allowance of 1500 EUR (not pro rata!)
- > 1 month 6 months: based on a standard monthly allowance of 1500 EUR (pro rata) For stays longer than one month the allowance is calculated pro rata, by multiplying the total number of days by the allowance of 1500 EUR, and dividing this amount by 31

In terms of efficiency, each training lasts at least consecutive 7 days, days of travel not included. This applies regardless of whether the training is physical, online, or hybrid. The maximum duration of a consecutive training is 6 months.

D – Short term scholarship allowance

Payments to/for the scholar

- Indirect travel costs : 200 EUR (lump sum)
- Airline ticket : 1.400 EUR (upon justification)
- Insurance : 2 EUR / day (upon justification)

Payments to the Flemish host unit or institution – bench fee

- The bench fee is a payment to the host unit and is a contribution to the costs incurred in the provision of workspaces and laboratories, the use of study material, research equipment and computing hard-ware and software, supervision of scholars, etc.
- Bench fee : 16 EUR / day (lump sum)

Exceptionally, extra costs can be budgeted (esp. for accommodation, indirect travel costs)

D – Local/online/hybrid scholarships

- The maximum amount for the local, hybrid or online scholarship allowance is the amount foreseen for a training held in Belgium.
- The amounts of a local scholarship are to be in line with partner institution and national guidelines.

E - COORDINATION COSTS

- The coordination cost is a lump sum which covers administration and coordination costs as well as non-attributable institutional costs related to the institutional management of the project.
- **Non-exhaustive examples**: the use of the premises and/or infrastructure, services connected with the administrative and financial coordination of project execution, availing members of staff from the HR department, financial department, legal department, bank costs etc.
- Threshold: The coordination costs are fixed on the basis of the approved budget of budget lines A, B, C and D. The coordination costs in Belgium plus the local coordination costs is limited to 10% of budget lines A, B, C and D.

E - COORDINATION COSTS

- The **distribution** of the coordination costs within subcategory E1 and/or E2 in case there are **multiple partners** can be decided by the parties involved but is to be **clear ideally when submitting the project and budget proposal.**
- The coordination costs are fixed based on the approved budget and are divided under the umbrella of equal partnerships:
 - E1. Coordination costs at the level of the Flemish institution Fixed at 5% of the sum of budget lines A-D of the initial budget
 - E2. Coordination costs at the level of the partner institution(s) Fixed at 5% of the sum of budget lines A-D of the initial budget.



Questions, remarks, reflections?

Thank you!