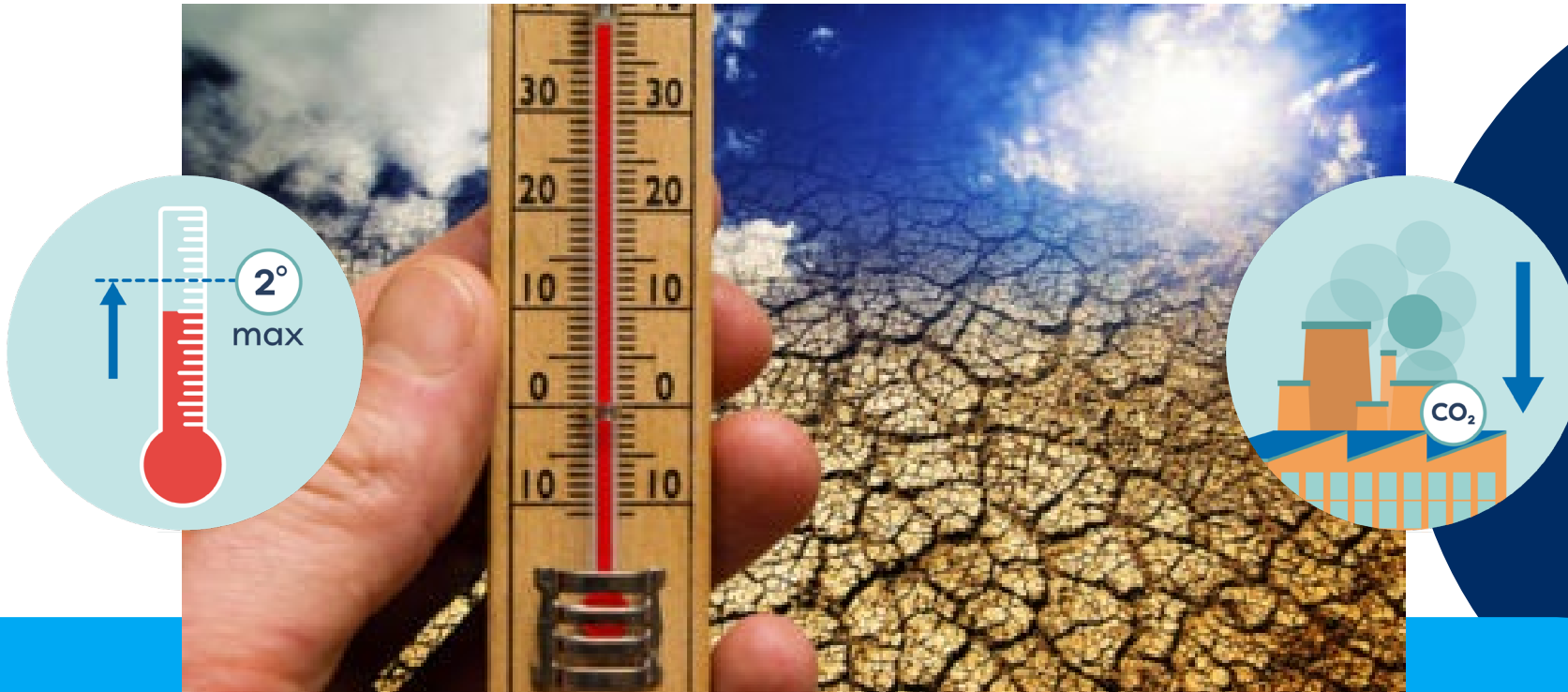




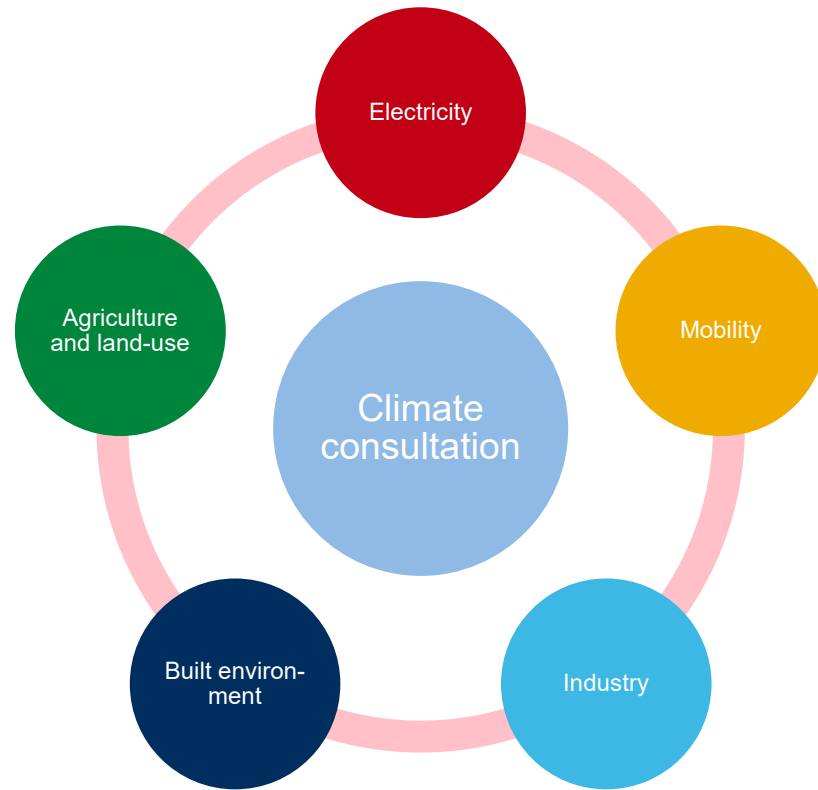
Energy transition: a common endeavor



Important actors



Sectors involved in Climate Agreement

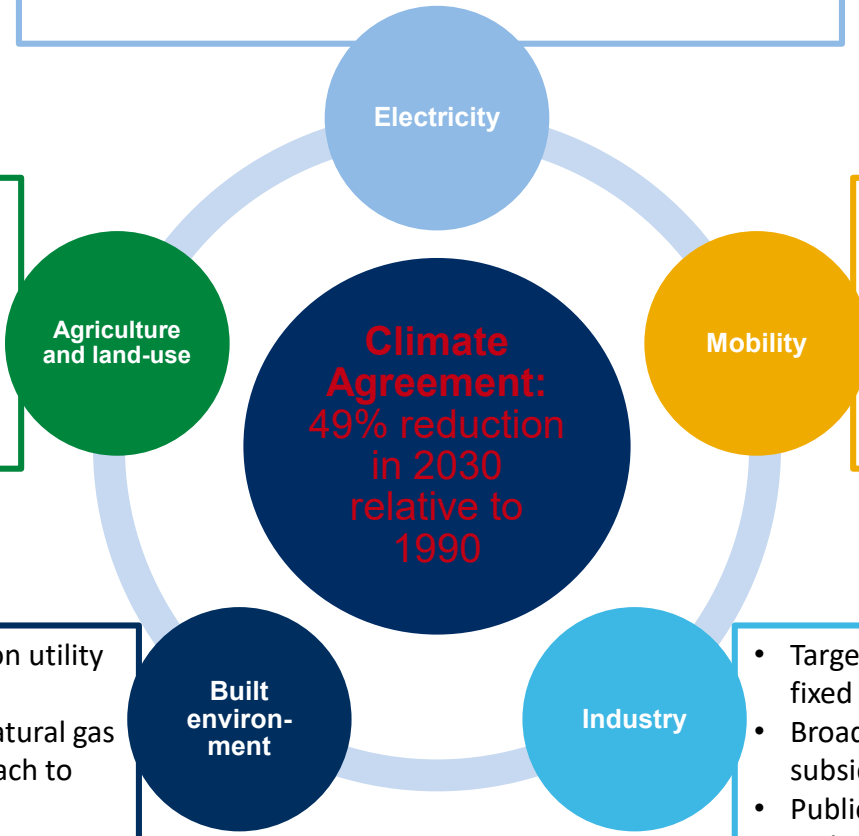




- Sustainable heating in greenhouse horticulture
- Improved processing of manure to reduce livestock-emissions
- Exploring storage of carbon in soil and vegetation through pilot programmes and increasing forested surface



- Enhancing EE of 1,5 million houses and 1 million utility buildings
- New buildings will no longer be heated with natural gas
- Municipalities lead a local, participative approach to make housing emission free, neighborhood by neighborhood



- Phasing out coal-fired electricity production by 2030
- Accelerating renewable energy (subsidized until 2025) to 70% in 2030
- CO₂-minimum price for electricity-production



- 100% new-sold passenger cars zero-emission by 2030
- Promoting EV by taxation measures and 1,8 million charging points by 2030
- Modal shift to bicycle/public transport and smart logistics



- Targeted carbon levy on every ton CO₂ emitted exceeding a fixed reduction path (push)
- Broadening the scope of subsidy scheme (SDE++) incl. limited subsidy for CCS (pull)
- Public-private innovation program for cost reduction in low carbon technologies
- Industrial cluster approach (incl. sector coupling)

Regions are connected to Climate Agreement



Pilot programme for natural gas-free Districts

Goals:

- Pilot for phasing out natural gas in 27 neighborhoods
- All parties involved
- Makes ambitions visible
- Mutual learning and gathering knowledge

27 aardgasvrije wijken





Lessons learned

- Transparency about the process, management of expectations
- Provide sufficient resources, also on local level
- Be flexible and anticipate on taking on board new know-how
- Multi-level governance: not only between levels of government but also involvement of other stakeholders. Know the relevant actors
- Most important: involve local decision makers